All products are

available worldwide.



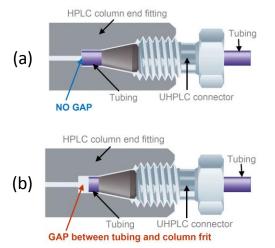
### Introduction

To obtain good performance from UHPLC systems and columns, it is helpful to minimise peak dispersion. Dispersion may be introduced in various ways that include unwanted system dead volume or poor connections. This Knowledge Note explains how poor connections can impact UHPLC performance and explains how problems can be avoided.

### **Column Connections**

The performance of UHPLC instruments can be reduced through the introduction of extra column volume (dead volume) within the flow path. The high efficiencies possible with sub-2 micron particles result in narrow peak widths and smaller peak volumes which will be more affected. An often overlooked potential source of extra column volume is through poorly made connections between tubing and system components including the UHPLC column. When installing any UHPLC column, it is important to ensure that the inlet tubing and outlet tubing are fitted into the column ports to the correct depth to avoid the introduction of any extra column volume.

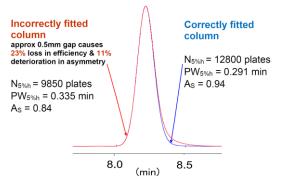
Figure 1 illustrate tubing that has been (a) correctly and (b) incorrectly fitted. In Figure 1a, the tubing is correctly seated in the port, resulting in no extra column volume being introduced.



**Figure 1:** a) Illustration of tubing installed correctly. b) Incorrect installation of tubing, resulting in the introduction of dead volume.

In Figure 1b, the tubing is incorrectly seated, either through improper installation, or through slippage during use, introducing a small gap or dead volume to the flow path. Figure 2 demonstrates the effect of introducing such dead volume at the column inlet connection. By introducing just a 0.5 mm gap, a 23% loss in efficiency and 11 % loss in peak asymmetry is observed, highlighting the importance of making good connections.

It is important to remember that all connections within the system must be correctly made in order to minimise dead volume, including the column outlet and any tubing connections to system components such as valves, needle seats and detectors etc.



**Figure 2:** The measurable effects of poor column connections via incorrect positioning of the inlet tubing at the column inlet.

# How to Correctly Install a UHPLC Column

When installing a UHPLC column, a "fresh connection" should always be made between the ferrule and tubing. The nut and ferrule should slide freely on the tubing prior to fitting. Avoid UHPLC connectors that have already been swaged onto the tubing and do not move, as these do not allow correct positioning of the ferrule on the tubing relative to the column port depth. This may lead to a gap, introducing extra column volume (dead volume) into the system.

For a "fresh connection" every time, we recommend the use of ACE® UHPLC reusable column connectors (Figure 3).

For more information contact your local ACE distributor or visit www.ace-hplc.com or email: info@ace-hplc.com



These fittings are designed to connect your UHPLC column to your UHPLC system (and make other similar connections). They feature a compact, one-piece design, are simple and easy to use and are suitable for use with 1/16" o.d. tubing and virtually all manufacturers' UHPLC systems and all brands of UHPLC columns. These fittings are rated for use up to 25,000psi (1,720 bar) and are also suitable for use up to 100°C. Correctly used, these fittings will provide a "fresh connection" for approximately 10 column installations.

For optimum connector lifetime and to avoid accidental swaging of the connector to the tubing by overtightening, the use of an ACE Torque Wrench is required. The ACE Torque Wrench delivers exactly the required tightening torque to produce a good seal, without the risk of over tightening.

# Installation using ACE® UHPLC Reusable Column Connectors (Part no. EXL-CC)

1. Slide the fitting onto the UHPLC tubing (approximately 5 mm (1/4") from the end).

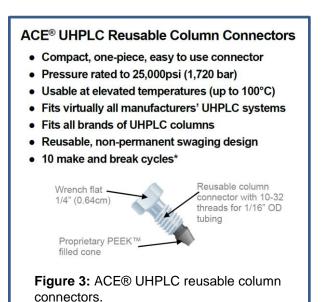


- Insert the assembly into the receiving female port of the column, pushing the tubing in until it 'bottoms out'.
- 3. Whilst maintaining pressure on the tubing (to ensure that it continues to 'bottom out'), finger tighten the fitting into the column until snug.
- 4. Using the ACE® Torque Wrench (Part no. EXL-TW), tighten the fitting to the correct torque (while continuing to maintain pressure on the tubing). Instructions for the correct use of the ACE® Torque Wrench are provided with the torque wrench.

# **UHPLC Column Outlet End Connections**

ACE® UHPLC reusable column connectors are suitable for use at both the column inlet and the column outlet, to make good UHPLC connections. Alternatively, at the column outlet end, an ACE® reusable PEEK finger-tight column connector (ACE-CC, suitable for use up to 5,000psi, 345 bar) can be

used. To avoid extra column volume and unwanted peak dispersion, it is additionally important to make good connections at the outlet end of your UHPLC column. Similar principles as previously described for the inlet end connection should be employed.



# **UHPLC Column Inlet / Outlet Connectors**

Description	Part No.
ACE® UHPLC reusable column connectors suitable for use up to 25,000psi (1,720 bar)	EXL-CC10 (10/pk)
ACE® Torque Wrench	EXL-TW
ACE® UHPLC reusable column connectors starter kit (contains 1 x EXL-TW and 4 x EXL-CC)	EXL-CCSK

#### **UHPLC column outlet connectors**

Description	Part No.
ACE® reusable PEEK finger- tight column connector (suitable for use up to 5,000psi, 345 bar	ACE-CC10 (10/pk)

